

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS P.O. DOX 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/936,747	02/15/2002	Christian Kropf	CU-2655 RJS	8969
75	90 . 06/04/2003			
Richard J Streit			EXAMINER	
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224 South Mich Chicago, IL 60			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
J			1616 DATE MAILED: 06/04/2003	10/
			DATE MAILED: 06/04/2003	47

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicati n No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		09/936,747	KROPF ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Marina Lamm	1616			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover she t with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 April 2003</u> .					
2a) <u></u>	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
· <u> </u>	tion of Claims  Claim(s) 17 22 in/ore pending in the application	n				
4)[	Claim(s) <u>17-32</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>24-30</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)□	7 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 -					
<i>,</i> —	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
	tion Papers					
•	The specification is objected to by the Examine	•				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
11)	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	- · · ·	· ·			
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.  If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		•			
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
	a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:					
·	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
*	Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachme						
2) 🔲 Noti	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _	5) Notice of Informal I	/ (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)			

Application/Control Number: 09/936,747 Page 2

Art Unit: 1616

### **DETAILED ACTION**

# Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

- 1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/7/03 has been entered.
- 2. Claims pending are 17-32. Claims 1-16 have been cancelled.

### Election/Restrictions

Newly submitted claims 24-30 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: Claims 24-30 are directed to a method of preparing glucans. The original claims were directed to a method of making cosmetic composition comprising nanoparticulate glucans. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons: The inventions do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features because the method of preparing glucans claimed in Claims 24-30 will not necessarily produce the glucans of the original claims. Thus, Claim 24 does not recite that the prepared glucans are water-soluble and have the same particle size as the glucans used in the method of the original claims.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for

Application/Control Number: 09/936,747 Page 3

Art Unit: 1616

prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 24-30 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

# Specification

3. This application does not contain an abstract of the disclosure as required by 37 CFR 1.72(b). An abstract on a separate sheet is required.

# Claim Objections

4. Claim 22 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 22 recites the limitation "the method comprises applying the cosmetic composition to skin or hair". This is not further limiting Claim 17 which recites the same method step, i.e., "applying to the skin or hair a cosmetic composition".

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 6. Claims 17-23, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 7. The term "substantially free" in claims 17 and 31 is a relative term which renders the claim indefinite. The term "substantially free" is not defined by the claim, the specification

Art Unit: 1616

does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably appraised of the scope of the invention. In particular, it is unclear what maximum proportion or quantity of the  $\beta$ -(1,6) linkages can be present in the claimed  $\beta$ -(1,3) glucans so that the  $\beta$ -(1,3) glucans can still be considered as being "substantially free" of  $\beta$ -(1,6) linkages.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 17-23, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kelly (WO 96/28476) in view of Donzis (US 5,705,184).

Kelly teaches water-soluble microparticulate glucans having predominantly β-(1,3) linkages with a lower number of β-(1,6) linkages obtained from the yeast *Sacchromyces cerevisiae*. See p. 1, lines 16-21; p. 2, lines 28-30; p. 52, Claims 1, 3. The glucans of Kelly can be used in topical skin care compositions for the prevention/treatment of UV light induced skin damage. See p. 22, lines 26-30; p. 32, lines 4-5; p. 34, lines 7-9; Example 6. The compositions of Kelly may contain carriers and excipients such as polyethylene glycols. See p. 23, line 6. The compositions may contain 0.01-30% of glucan. See p. 23, lines 30-31. While teaching that the particles of desired size can be obtained by the standard milling procedures (see p. 17, lines 12-13), the Kelly reference does not explicitly teach the claimed particle size

of 10 to 300 nm. However, Donzis teaches that "[i]n topical preparations, it is believed that the smaller particle sized glucans are more efficacious as dermatological agents." See col. 3, lines 40-42. Donzis's glucans have a particle size of 0.2 microns or less. See col. 2, lines 55-58. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the particle size of the Kelly's glucans such that to produce particles having the size of 200 nm and less. One having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do this to increase the efficacy of glucans as dermatological agents as suggested by Donzis.

Therefore, the invention as a whole would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

## Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-16 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### **Conclusion**

11. No claim is allowed at this time.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marina Lamm whose telephone number is (703) 306-4541. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday from 9 to 5.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 308-4556.

Application/Control Number: 09/936,747

Art Unit: 1616

6,747 Page 6

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

Marina Lamm

Patent Examiner AU 1616

6/1/03